

BUCHAREST 2018 SYMPOSIUM ON MICROGRIDS

University Politehnica of Bucharest, Romania 2- 6 September 2018

A New Method to Investigate Microgrid Stability Using Parts-per-Billion Voltage Measurements

Alex McEACHERN Fellow IEEE, Convenor IEC Power Standards Lab (USA)

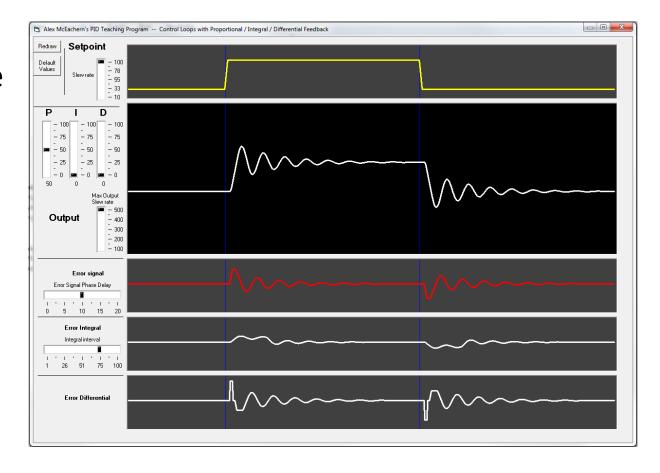
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What I mean by "microgrid stability"

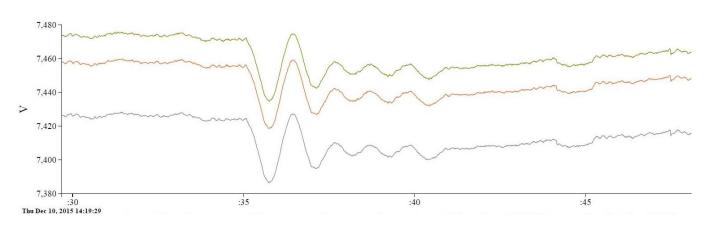
- Grid voltage and/or frequency
- Transition from a first steady-state to a different steady-state
 - Oscillation frequency & magnitude
 - Duration of oscillation ("damping")

- Why stability matters
 - Usefulness to users
 - Margin for errors
 - Cyber attack vector

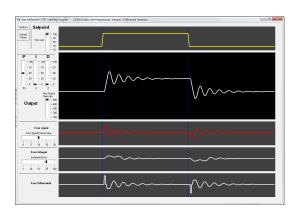


What causes microgrid instability

- PID Control loops designed in isolation
- Intolerant and/or sensitive inverter control algorithms
- Rule-of-thumb generator control loops
- Failure to understand connection net between different control loops

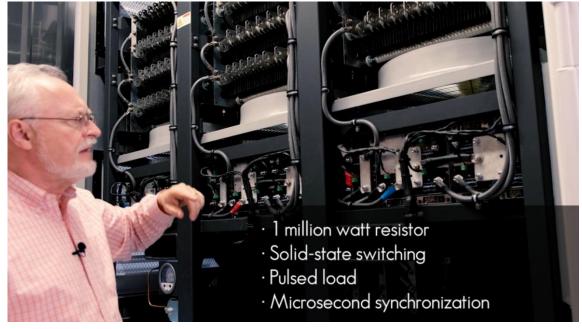






Stability measurement using impulse response





"Grid Thumper" – portable impulse response load

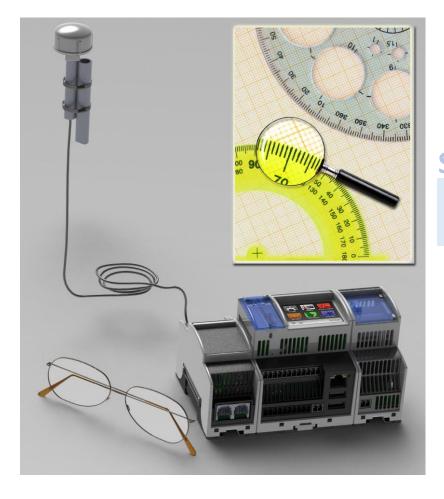
https://www.PowerStandards.com/product/grid-thumper/highlights/

But don't disrupt microgrid users!





Stretching the limits of microPMU instruments



- Microgrid voltage, current, and phasor measurements
- Typical "precision AC meter" resolution ~ 0.05%



Standard microPMU

Useful magnitude resolution 0.0002% 2 PPM (parts-per-million, parts per 10⁶)

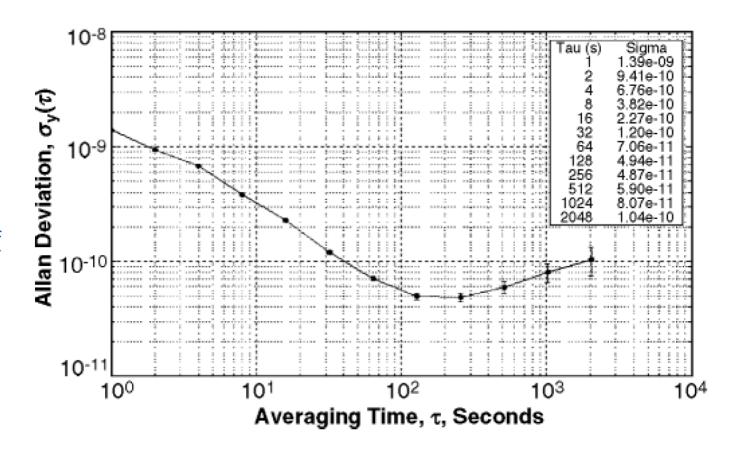
Stretched – is it possible?

Useful magnitude resolution 0.000001% 10 PPB (parts-per-Billion, parts per 10⁹)

A useful concept: Allen variance for thinking about the limits of noise reduction

Lombardi M.A.,
U.S. National Institute
of Standards and Technology,
<u>Fundamentals of Time and Frequency</u>

https://tf.nist.gov/general/pdf/1498.pdf



A useful concept: Zero-reference instrument for increased instrument & system confidence



1% mains voltage disturbance

1000:1 AC-DC power supply rejection -> 10 ppm internal DC supply disturbance

1000:1 DC supply rejection by A-to-D reference -> 10 PPB internal reading disturbance(!)



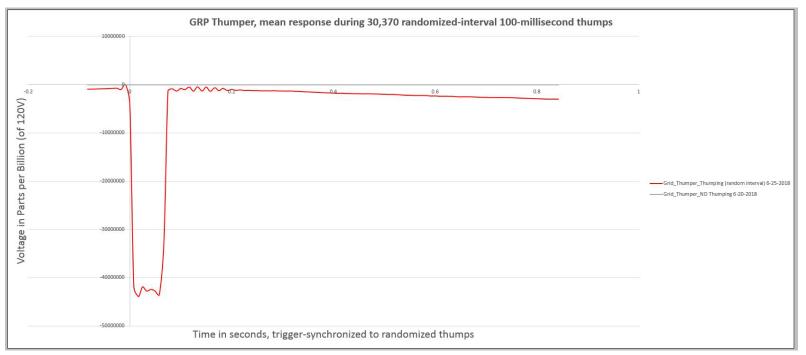
Early experimental results using Alameda Island as the test-subject microgrid



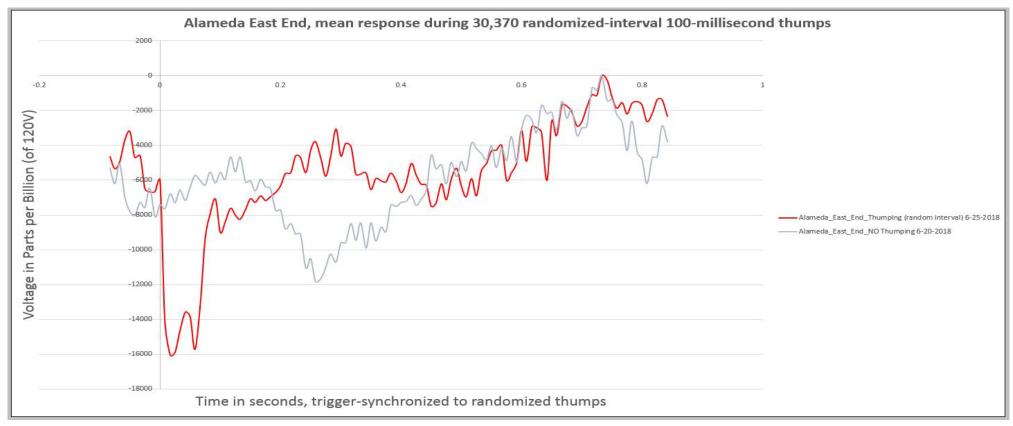


Early experimental results using Alameda Island as the test-subject microgrid



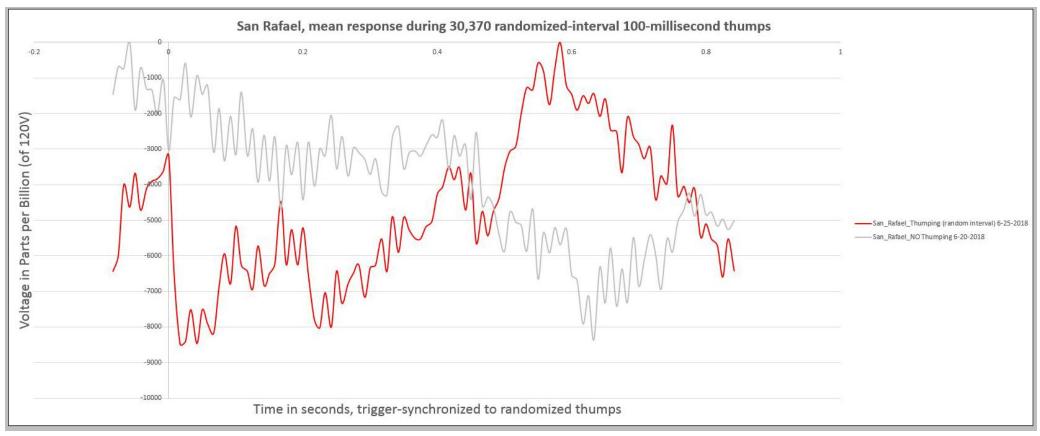


Early experimental results using Alameda Island as the test-subject microgrid (time domain)



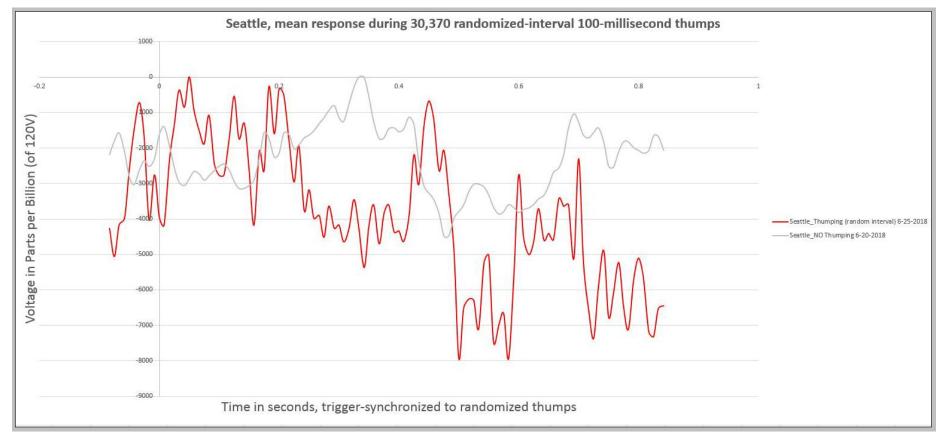
Alameda - East End (inside the "microgrid")

Early experimental results using Alameda Island as the test-subject microgrid (time domain)



San Rafael (about 100 km)

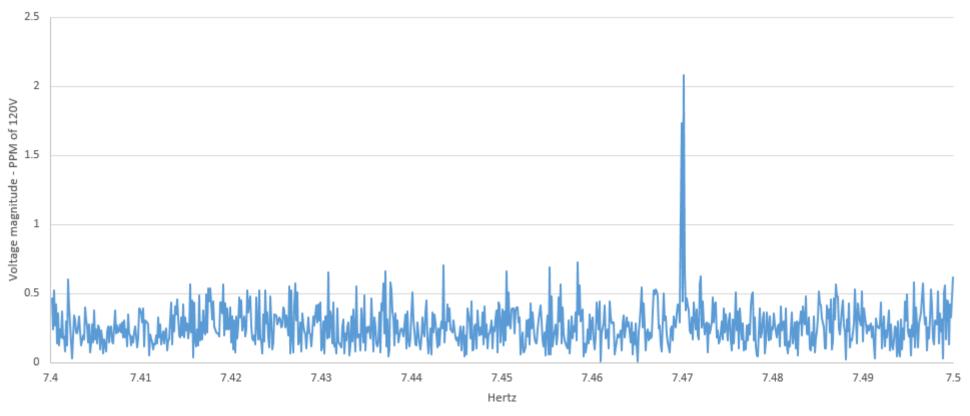
Early experimental results using Alameda Island as the test-subject microgrid (time domain)



Seattle (about 1 300 km)

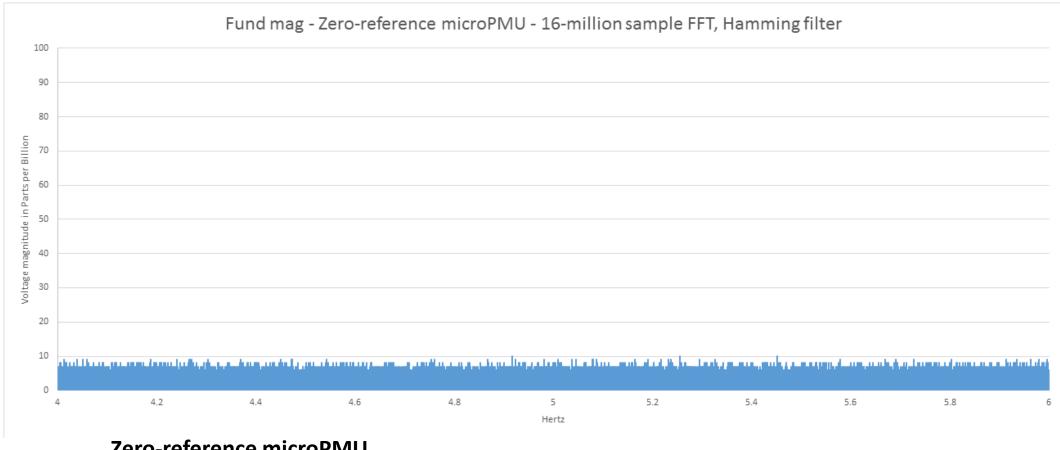
Early experimental results using Alameda Island as the test-subject microgrid (frequency domain)

Fund mag - Eastern Alameda - 7.47 Hz thumping at PSL - 3 hours of data, 2²⁰ samples, Hamming filter



East Alameda, thumping 8 km away at 7.47 Hz

Early experimental results using Alameda Island as the test-subject microgrid (frequency domain)



Present state of research

- Confirmed interest in microgrid and grid stability
- Grid Thumper designed, constructed, tested, commissioned
 - Transportable (half-size standard shipping container)
 - 50/60 Hz, 100V~600V, 1-phase or 3-phase. Programmable up to 1 MW pulses.
 - Satellite synchronization, remote operation from PSL Global
- Stage of project today: experiment analyze re-experiment
- Very encouraging results so far
 - Grid instability observed
 - Parts-per-billion resolution confirmed (3 orders of magnitude better)
- Very likely to be useful worth pursuing further research. Project ideas?
- Nothing published yet... this is our first "quiet" public discussion.



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