A NEW microPMU Technology for Distribution and MicroGrids



Bucharest 2018 (Andreas Eberhard, PSL)

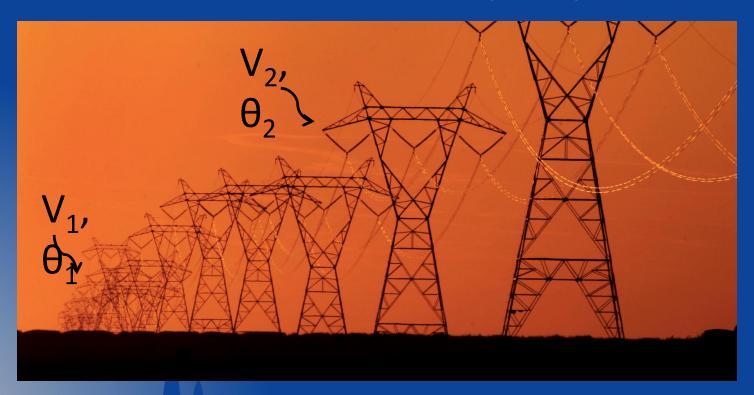
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What is this NEW microPMU Measuring Technology?

Bucharest 2018 (Andreas Eberhard, PSL)

Objective: Implementing a synchro phasor technology for Distribution and MicroGrids **Problem:** Traditional Transmission PMU units do not meet all the necessary requirements



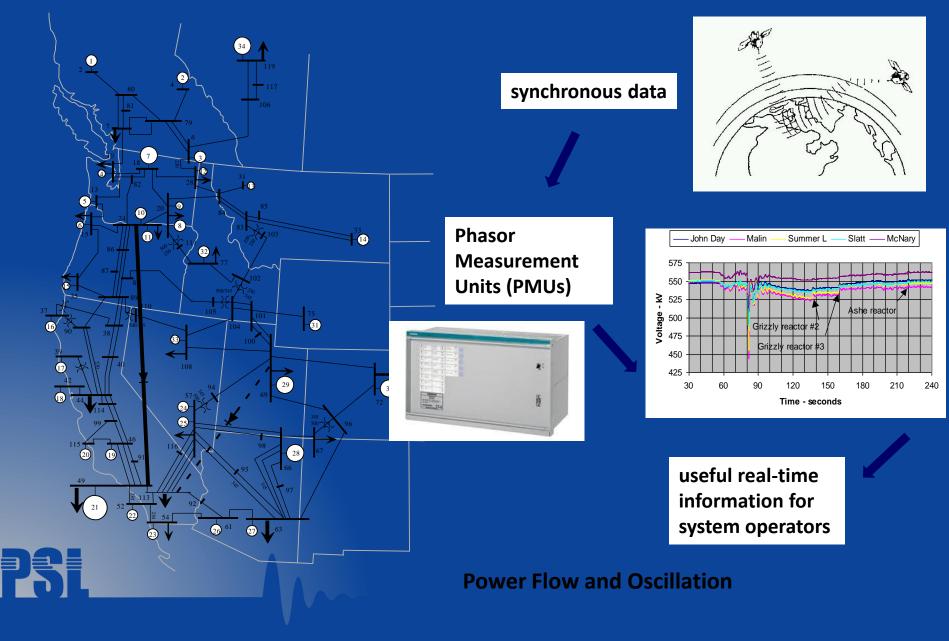
ARPA-E micro-synchrophasor Project **Synchrophasors -- for Distribution! 2014-2015** Start with ARPA-E Funded Project (<u>A</u>dvanced <u>R</u>esearch <u>P</u>rojects <u>A</u>gency - <u>E</u>nergy).

2015-2017 Field deployment and installation at Lawrence Berkeley National Labs and partner utility companies of several hundreds of microPMUs in the US

2017-2018 Research Institutes and utilities around The world joining microPMU implementation



Synchrophasors compare voltage phase angle at different locations

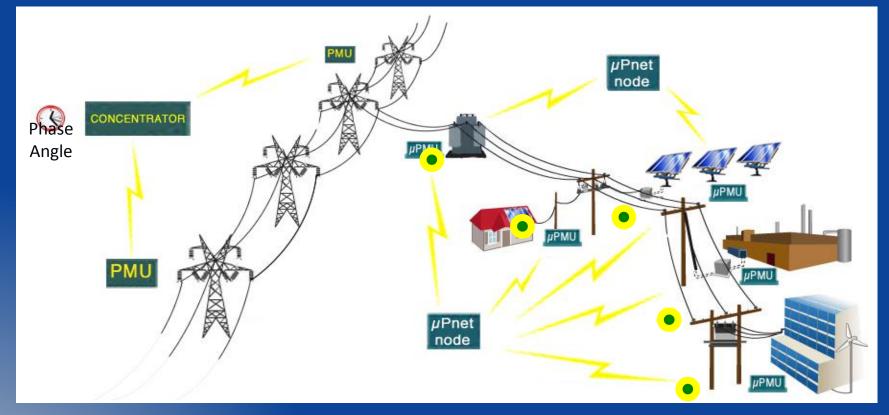


Now also for <u>distribution</u>

• Integrate distributed generation (DG) into grid



Distribution Synchrophasor network concept: Create observability and transparency for high-voltage circuits to support integration of distributed resources



Synchrophasors (PMUs) already increasingly being deployed on transmission systems

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Micro-synchrophasor (µPMU) network for distribution

Challenges of measuring phase angle differences in distribution (vs. transmission)

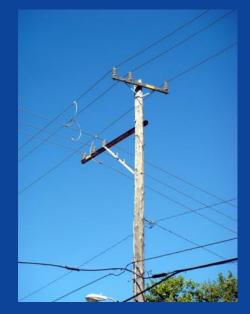
Transmission

 Long distances, widelyspaced conductors = big L, big angles



Distribution

 Short distances, bundled conductors = small L, tiny angles



Challenges of measuring phase angle differences in distribution (vs. transmission)

Transmission

Distribution

- Homogenous
 - Separation distance

 not necesarily

 Overhead

 nedium-voltage

 distribution

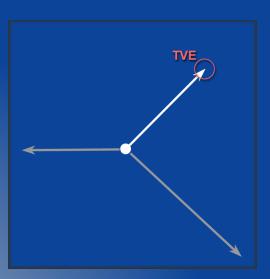




Challenges of measuring phase angle differences in distribution (vs. transmission)

<u>Transmission</u>

- ±1° adequate
- ± 1% TVE



Distribution

- ±0.001° adequate
- Does TVE apply? 0.01%? (Calibration challenges...)
- Error budget measured in millidegrees; at 60 Hz, 1 millidegree is 46 nanoseconds

Challenges of measuring millidegree phase angles (46 nsec per millidegree)

GPS signals

 ±1 microsecond – typical GPS receiver (disciplined 150 MHz clock)

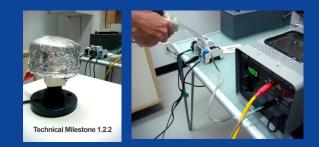
 Cable transit time – ~7 nsec per meter (autocalibrate using time-of-round-trip)



ARPA-E micro-synchrophasor based on commercial PQube 3[®] instrument

- 32 GB of on-board storage
- TCP-IP (ethernet) coms
- Certifications: UL, TUV, CE, etc.
- Five ±1000V, 0.01% voltage channels
- Eight 0.01% current channels
- "Class A" Power Quality recorder
- "Class 0.2" Energy Revenue Meter
- Snap-on module expandability





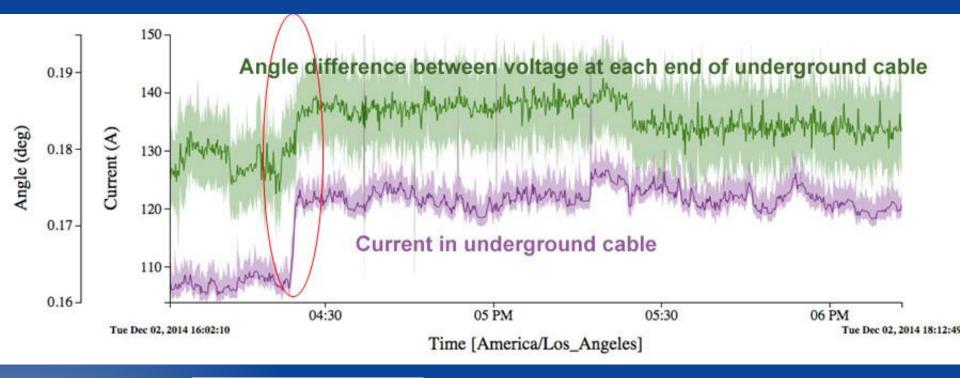
The new micro-PMU

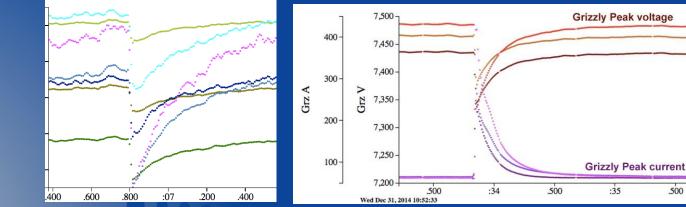


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µPMU data results (example)





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ARPA-E Micro-synchrophasors for Distribution: Project Status 2017/2018/2019

- Field installations at substations, endpoints completed
- Patents filed
- Several months/years of data
- ±0.002° accuracy confirmed (roughly 500 times better than standard PMU)
- Research Software available
- Installations in progress for Non-ARPA projects around the world
- We hope MORE research teams to join the microPMU research project!!!!



ARPA-E Micro-synchrophasors for Distribution: Initial Research Facilities and Universities

- BC Hydro Research Division
- SDEE Transilvania Sud Romania
- Technical University Vienna/AIT, Polytechnic of Porto
- NTU Singapore
- University of British Columbia, Northwestern University
- Osaka and Kyoto Prefecture Universities
- NIST (US National Lab)
- Southern Company, TVA, Southern Cal Edison
- BAE System

(https://spectrum.ieee.org/energy/the-smarter-grid/sniffingout-grid-attacks)



Also here in beautiful Romania! Project SDEE Transilvania Sud 70 microPMUs and 20 PQube 3s deployed



Cristina Stanescu, SDEE Transilvania Sud

Conclusions going in 2018

- Distribution synchrophasor idea is resonating well throughout research community and industry (microPMU name!!)
- Scary data volume (terabytes) can be handled effectively
- It's NEW data for everyone!!!
- Starting to make basic sense of the measurements
- Many advanced application opportunities seem worth exploring



microPMU – electron microscope for grid stability

A "microPMU" is a PSL PQube[®] 3 instrument with 3 additions:

- a specially calibrated GPS receiver (that's not an antenna – it is an antenna, <u>plus</u> a GPS receiver, <u>plus</u> some clever digital circuits – and the cable you see is entirely digital, not RF co-ax),
- 2. special firmware in the PQube 3 that converts it into the most precise synchrophasor instrument ever deployed, and
- 3. a special calibration process.



Any micro-PMU can be instantly converted, in the field, to a standard power-quality-and-energy PQube 3...

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THANK YOU (Email: aeberhard@powerstandards.com) 📢